

THE IDAHO SENATE

Passes the Governor's Substitute for the Jones Bill.

COUNTY OFFICERS' FEE BILL

Appointment of Marshal and Police Magistrate in Incorporated Cities—Knocked off the Union Pacific Track.

BOISE CITY, Idaho, March 5.—[Special telegram to THE HERALD.]—The governor's substitute for the Jones wagon road bill passed the senate to-day. It makes an appropriation of \$5,000 for the survey of the wagon road line, extending from north to south Idaho.

The bill also passed providing for the appointment of a marshal and police magistrate in incorporated cities—knocked off the Union Pacific track.

Gray introduced a bill relating to notice for taking depositions.

The senate to-night considered, in committee of the whole, the county officers' fee bill.

In the house the bill passed for the issue of bonds by independent school districts. This afternoon consideration of the appropriation bill was resumed, and sections were adopted. To-night consideration of the revenue bill was resumed, the subject of license being discussed at length. One senator who has heard the house debate, anticipates the bill will be knocked out in the senate, claiming the present revenue law will excel the one now before the house.

Knocked Off a Railroad Track.

BELLEVUE, Idaho, March 5.—[Special telegram to THE HERALD.]—The seven-year-old son of County Commissioner Davis was tossed off the track of the railroad this evening by a Union Pacific locomotive pulling a plough from Ketchum. The city ordinance forbids trains to run faster than six miles an hour as the track passes through the center of Second street. The locomotive was running at least twenty-five miles an hour and the boy was seriously hurt. Action will probably be taken to impress the railroad company with the necessity of paying some little attention to the ordinance governing the speed of trains within the city limits.

English Comments on the Copyright Bill.

LONDON, March 5.—The *St. James Gazette* this afternoon advocates retaliation against the United States copyright bill. "If the Americans will not give copyright to books printed here," it says, "let us retaliate by refusing to give copyright to books printed in America." The bill is no reparation, but it is passed in the interest of the American printing trade in order to deprive the British of a flourishing industry.

The Pull Mail Gazette says only a few British authors will be benefited by the bill.

"The copyright bill," says the *Gazette*, "is a misnomer. The bill means protection for American printers and paper makers."

The Trotting Horse Breeders.

NEW YORK, March 5.—A conference of the leading trotting horse breeders of the country was held to-night, under the auspices to the National Association of Trotting Horse Breeders. After a general interchange of views on the subject of the reorganization of the association it was decided to call a convention of the trotting horse breeders of the country in Chicago, April 22, when a plan of reorganization will be formulated. The convention consists of two delegates from each state organization.

Charles Carroll Inmate.

BALTIMORE, Md., March 5.—Charles Carroll, one of the best known sporting men in the east, was taken to an insane asylum to-day. He is known all over the United States as a patron of sports.

Prehistoric Race Wars Discovers.

NASHVILLE, March 5.—Near Cleveland, Tenn., the work of a prehistoric race has been discovered in the shape of a wall, now under ground. It is five feet high and one hundred yards long. Some stones bear inscriptions and hieroglyphic characters. The wall evidently antedates the mound builders.

Vall Admitted to Bail.

ST. LOUIS, March 5.—Charles F. Vall, whose trial for murder resulted in a disagreement of the jury, has been admitted to bail in \$10,000. The case will probably be set for a second trial as the state attorney is loth to again prosecute on the very slight evidence against the defendant.

A Small Riot in New York.

NEW YORK, March 5.—A small riot occurred early this morning at Broadway and Grant streets between union and non-union cloak makers. The police soon stopped the fight and made a number of arrests.

Nicola Piro, the young Italian shot on Monday by Pasquella Luberti, died this morning.

Piero had been shot on Monday by Pasquella Luberti, died this morning. Piero had been shot on Monday by Pasquella Luberti, died this morning.

Victory for the Shipping Federation.

LONDON, March 5.—The state of affairs in the labor troubles points to a signal victory for the shipping federation over the employers at both London and Cardiff.

Alonso-Lorraine Passport Regulations.

BERLIN, March 5.—German officers entered all trains at the Alonso-Lorraine frontier and turned back a large number of passengers whose passports did not conform to the new rules.

The Berlin newspapers heartily approve the loyalty expressed in the address of the Alonso-Lorraine parliament yesterday to the Emperor.

The Berlin newspapers heartily approve the loyalty expressed in the address of the Alonso-Lorraine parliament yesterday to the Emperor.

OVER A THOUSAND

Million Dollars Were Appropriated by

THE FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS

Radical Financial Schemes of the Argentine Republic—They are the Plans of a Bankrupt Government.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The following is an approximate statement of the appropriations made by both sessions of the Fifty-first Congress, prepared by the clerk of the Senate committee on appropriations:

Amount of regular bills, including deficiencies and miscellaneous appropriations for the first session, \$90,700,000; amount of regular bills, including deficiencies and miscellaneous appropriations for the second session, \$40,000,000; permanent appropriations for the first session, about \$100,000,000; and the permanent appropriations for 1892 is estimated at \$120,000,000. This makes a grand total of \$250,700,000.

Says, of Texas leader of the Democratic minority of the House appropriations committee, has prepared a statement of the appropriations during the Fifty-first Congress as compared with the appropriations during the Fifty-second Congress, which shows the total appropriations made during the Congress just closed were \$1,000,000,000, as compared with \$1,000,000,000 during the preceding Congress. These amounts include permanent annual appropriations. The total appropriations for the first session of the Fifty-first Congress were \$90,700,000, and for the second session, \$40,000,000, and for the first session of the Fifty-first Congress \$141,800,000, to which is estimated \$600 should be added for various small items. Included in the appropriations for the Fifty-first Congress are \$15,727,000 for a refund of the money advanced to the sugar plantations, this latter being for the permanent appropriation.

The legislation enacted by the past Congress in the ratification of various treaties heretofore concluded between commissioners on the part of the United States and the Indian tribes, resulted in opening over eight million acres of public land to settlement. The aggregate cost to the government will be about \$9,000,000. About a million acres of land are situated in the vicinity of Oklahoma, the remaining three million acres are made up hereafter occupied by the Sisseton and Wahpeton Indians in Dakota, Crow and Aline in Idaho, Gros Ventre in Montana, and Sioux in Dakota.

A Hurricane at Madrid.

MADRID, March 5.—A violent hurricane swept over this city and neighborhood, doing a great amount of damage.

Mark Baldwin Arrested.

ST. LOUIS, March 5.—Mark Baldwin, the alleged National league agent, was arrested this afternoon on a charge of conspiring to break up clubs by securing players, and otherwise injuring the American association. He is arrested on a charge of conspiring to break up clubs by securing players, and otherwise injuring the American association. He is arrested on a charge of conspiring to break up clubs by securing players, and otherwise injuring the American association.

Coke Strikers Resume Work.

PITTSBURGH, March 5.—To-day operators of the Pennsylvania coke works, struck an agreement with the coke workers, signed at the old works. The men are pleased, and it is expected several small operators will follow.

Mexico at the World's Fair.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The bureau of American Republics is informed that Lieutenant Baker, of the United States navy, recently appointed commissioner for Mexico at the Columbian exposition to Mexico, has been formally received by President Diaz by United States Minister Ryan and delivered an invitation from the President of the United States to that republic to participate in the exposition.

World's Fair Ceremonies Report.

CHICAGO, March 5.—The report of the World's fair ceremonies is completed. It provides for a gigantic military display and parade on the day of the dedication of the fairgrounds, Tuesday, October 11, 1893; regular dedicatory exercises on Wednesday, grand ball Thursday, the whole to conclude with a general civil-military display Saturday morning. General Davis, Vice-Chairman McKenzie and General Davis, Dickinson and Cousins, who have been down with the grippe and other ailments, are convalescing, but are not expected to attend that President Palmer, of the navy, is seriously ill and fears are entertained.

Stranded in Prison.

BELORE, March 5.—It has transpired that Helena Markovic and Helena Knaicnova, who attempted to kill King Milan in 1882, have been strangled to death in prison. Milan had been ordered to institute an inquiry into the killing.

The French Jockey Club.

PARIS, March 5.—It is stated the French Jockey club will transfer its races to Bagin to enable it to conduct betting operations.

The Monroe, N. C., High School Burned.

MONROE, N. C., March 5.—The Monroe high school was burned this morning. Thomas Pemberton and Albert Bosel, two students, perished.

The fire broke out early this morning.

The fire broke out early this morning. The students were at once alerted and escaped safely except the two unfortunate young men named above. They roomed on the third floor, and being overcome with smoke, succumbed before reaching the stairway. Albert Rhodes, who roomed with them, managed to escape, but was terribly burned. The property loss is \$15,000.

The Buenos Ayres Rouse Panicky.

BUENOS AYRES, March 5.—The bourse became panicky to-day on rumors of a fresh paper issue and that the government would probably have recourse to a national loan.

Radical Argentine Revenue Laws.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The bureau of American Republics is informed that the president of the Argentine republic has recommended to congress several radical revenue laws which have created bitter animosity against the administration in commercial circles. The president in his message, holds that such measures are absolutely necessary to maintain the credit of the government and asks their endorsement by congress, but congress has not yet ratified the suggestion. He proposes first to impose an export duty of 5 per cent. ad valorem upon animal oil, horns, jerked beef, bones, wool, tallow and ostrich feathers, which constitute the great bulk of its exports to the Argentine republic. It is also proposed to materially increase the import duty on foreign goods.

To See New York City.

NEW YORK, March 5.—The United States Illuminating company and Brush Electric Illuminating company have appealed to the supreme court in an effort to secure against this city judgment for upwards of a million dollars. This claim represents the damage done to their business by Mayor Grant's raid on overhead wires and poles in December, 1889.

OVER A THOUSAND

Million Dollars Were Appropriated by

THE FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS

Radical Financial Schemes of the Argentine Republic—They are the Plans of a Bankrupt Government.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The following is an approximate statement of the appropriations made by both sessions of the Fifty-first Congress, prepared by the clerk of the Senate committee on appropriations:

Amount of regular bills, including deficiencies and miscellaneous appropriations for the first session, \$90,700,000; amount of regular bills, including deficiencies and miscellaneous appropriations for the second session, \$40,000,000; permanent appropriations for the first session, about \$100,000,000; and the permanent appropriations for 1892 is estimated at \$120,000,000. This makes a grand total of \$250,700,000.

Says, of Texas leader of the Democratic minority of the House appropriations committee, has prepared a statement of the appropriations during the Fifty-first Congress as compared with the appropriations during the Fifty-second Congress, which shows the total appropriations made during the Congress just closed were \$1,000,000,000, as compared with \$1,000,000,000 during the preceding Congress. These amounts include permanent annual appropriations. The total appropriations for the first session of the Fifty-first Congress were \$90,700,000, and for the second session, \$40,000,000, and for the first session of the Fifty-first Congress \$141,800,000, to which is estimated \$600 should be added for various small items. Included in the appropriations for the Fifty-first Congress are \$15,727,000 for a refund of the money advanced to the sugar plantations, this latter being for the permanent appropriation.

The legislation enacted by the past Congress in the ratification of various treaties heretofore concluded between commissioners on the part of the United States and the Indian tribes, resulted in opening over eight million acres of public land to settlement. The aggregate cost to the government will be about \$9,000,000. About a million acres of land are situated in the vicinity of Oklahoma, the remaining three million acres are made up hereafter occupied by the Sisseton and Wahpeton Indians in Dakota, Crow and Aline in Idaho, Gros Ventre in Montana, and Sioux in Dakota.

A Hurricane at Madrid.

MADRID, March 5.—A violent hurricane swept over this city and neighborhood, doing a great amount of damage.

Mark Baldwin Arrested.

ST. LOUIS, March 5.—Mark Baldwin, the alleged National league agent, was arrested this afternoon on a charge of conspiring to break up clubs by securing players, and otherwise injuring the American association. He is arrested on a charge of conspiring to break up clubs by securing players, and otherwise injuring the American association. He is arrested on a charge of conspiring to break up clubs by securing players, and otherwise injuring the American association.

Coke Strikers Resume Work.

PITTSBURGH, March 5.—To-day operators of the Pennsylvania coke works, struck an agreement with the coke workers, signed at the old works. The men are pleased, and it is expected several small operators will follow.

Mexico at the World's Fair.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The bureau of American Republics is informed that Lieutenant Baker, of the United States navy, recently appointed commissioner for Mexico at the Columbian exposition to Mexico, has been formally received by President Diaz by United States Minister Ryan and delivered an invitation from the President of the United States to that republic to participate in the exposition.

World's Fair Ceremonies Report.

CHICAGO, March 5.—The report of the World's fair ceremonies is completed. It provides for a gigantic military display and parade on the day of the dedication of the fairgrounds, Tuesday, October 11, 1893; regular dedicatory exercises on Wednesday, grand ball Thursday, the whole to conclude with a general civil-military display Saturday morning. General Davis, Vice-Chairman McKenzie and General Davis, Dickinson and Cousins, who have been down with the grippe and other ailments, are convalescing, but are not expected to attend that President Palmer, of the navy, is seriously ill and fears are entertained.

Stranded in Prison.

BELORE, March 5.—It has transpired that Helena Markovic and Helena Knaicnova, who attempted to kill King Milan in 1882, have been strangled to death in prison. Milan had been ordered to institute an inquiry into the killing.

The French Jockey Club.

PARIS, March 5.—It is stated the French Jockey club will transfer its races to Bagin to enable it to conduct betting operations.

The Monroe, N. C., High School Burned.

MONROE, N. C., March 5.—The Monroe high school was burned this morning. Thomas Pemberton and Albert Bosel, two students, perished.

The fire broke out early this morning.

The fire broke out early this morning. The students were at once alerted and escaped safely except the two unfortunate young men named above. They roomed on the third floor, and being overcome with smoke, succumbed before reaching the stairway. Albert Rhodes, who roomed with them, managed to escape, but was terribly burned. The property loss is \$15,000.

The Buenos Ayres Rouse Panicky.

BUENOS AYRES, March 5.—The bourse became panicky to-day on rumors of a fresh paper issue and that the government would probably have recourse to a national loan.

Radical Argentine Revenue Laws.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The bureau of American Republics is informed that the president of the Argentine republic has recommended to congress several radical revenue laws which have created bitter animosity against the administration in commercial circles. The president in his message, holds that such measures are absolutely necessary to maintain the credit of the government and asks their endorsement by congress, but congress has not yet ratified the suggestion. He proposes first to impose an export duty of 5 per cent. ad valorem upon animal oil, horns, jerked beef, bones, wool, tallow and ostrich feathers, which constitute the great bulk of its exports to the Argentine republic. It is also proposed to materially increase the import duty on foreign goods.

To See New York City.

NEW YORK, March 5.—The United States Illuminating company and Brush Electric Illuminating company have appealed to the supreme court in an effort to secure against this city judgment for upwards of a million dollars. This claim represents the damage done to their business by Mayor Grant's raid on overhead wires and poles in December, 1889.

OVER A THOUSAND

Million Dollars Were Appropriated by

THE FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS

Radical Financial Schemes of the Argentine Republic—They are the Plans of a Bankrupt Government.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The following is an approximate statement of the appropriations made by both sessions of the Fifty-first Congress, prepared by the clerk of the Senate committee on appropriations:

Amount of regular bills, including deficiencies and miscellaneous appropriations for the first session, \$90,700,000; amount of regular bills, including deficiencies and miscellaneous appropriations for the second session, \$40,000,000; permanent appropriations for the first session, about \$100,000,000; and the permanent appropriations for 1892 is estimated at \$120,000,000. This makes a grand total of \$250,700,000.

Says, of Texas leader of the Democratic minority of the House appropriations committee, has prepared a statement of the appropriations during the Fifty-first Congress as compared with the appropriations during the Fifty-second Congress, which shows the total appropriations made during the Congress just closed were \$1,000,000,000, as compared with \$1,000,000,000 during the preceding Congress. These amounts include permanent annual appropriations. The total appropriations for the first session of the Fifty-first Congress were \$90,700,000, and for the second session, \$40,000,000, and for the first session of the Fifty-first Congress \$141,800,000, to which is estimated \$600 should be added for various small items. Included in the appropriations for the Fifty-first Congress are \$15,727,000 for a refund of the money advanced to the sugar plantations, this latter being for the permanent appropriation.

The legislation enacted by the past Congress in the ratification of various treaties heretofore concluded between commissioners on the part of the United States and the Indian tribes, resulted in opening over eight million acres of public land to settlement. The aggregate cost to the government will be about \$9,000,000. About a million acres of land are situated in the vicinity of Oklahoma, the remaining three million acres are made up hereafter occupied by the Sisseton and Wahpeton Indians in Dakota, Crow and Aline in Idaho, Gros Ventre in Montana, and Sioux in Dakota.

A Hurricane at Madrid.

MADRID, March 5.—A violent hurricane swept over this city and neighborhood, doing a great amount of damage.

Mark Baldwin Arrested.

ST. LOUIS, March 5.—Mark Baldwin, the alleged National league agent, was arrested this afternoon on a charge of conspiring to break up clubs by securing players, and otherwise injuring the American association. He is arrested on a charge of conspiring to break up clubs by securing players, and otherwise injuring the American association. He is arrested on a charge of conspiring to break up clubs by securing players, and otherwise injuring the American association.

Coke Strikers Resume Work.

PITTSBURGH, March 5.—To-day operators of the Pennsylvania coke works, struck an agreement with the coke workers, signed at the old works. The men are pleased, and it is expected several small operators will follow.

Mexico at the World's Fair.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The bureau of American Republics is informed that Lieutenant Baker, of the United States navy, recently appointed commissioner for Mexico at the Columbian exposition to Mexico, has been formally received by President Diaz by United States Minister Ryan and delivered an invitation from the President of the United States to that republic to participate in the exposition.

World's Fair Ceremonies Report.

CHICAGO, March 5.—The report of the World's fair ceremonies is completed. It provides for a gigantic military display and parade on the day of the dedication of the fairgrounds, Tuesday, October 11, 1893; regular dedicatory exercises on Wednesday, grand ball Thursday, the whole to conclude with a general civil-military display Saturday morning. General Davis, Vice-Chairman McKenzie and General Davis, Dickinson and Cousins, who have been down with the grippe and other ailments, are convalescing, but are not expected to attend that President Palmer, of the navy, is seriously ill and fears are entertained.

Stranded in Prison.

BELORE, March 5.—It has transpired that Helena Markovic and Helena Knaicnova, who attempted to kill King Milan in 1882, have been strangled to death in prison. Milan had been ordered to institute an inquiry into the killing.

The French Jockey Club.

PARIS, March 5.—It is stated the French Jockey club will transfer its races to Bagin to enable it to conduct betting operations.

The Monroe, N. C., High School Burned.

MONROE, N. C., March 5.—The Monroe high school was burned this morning. Thomas Pemberton and Albert Bosel, two students, perished.

The fire broke out early this morning.

The fire broke out early this morning. The students were at once alerted and escaped safely except the two unfortunate young men named above. They roomed on the third floor, and being overcome with smoke, succumbed before reaching the stairway. Albert Rhodes, who roomed with them, managed to escape, but was terribly burned. The property loss is \$15,000.

The Buenos Ayres Rouse Panicky.

BUENOS AYRES, March 5.—The bourse became panicky to-day on rumors of a fresh paper issue and that the government would probably have recourse to a national loan.

Radical Argentine Revenue Laws.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The bureau of American Republics is informed that the president of the Argentine republic has recommended to congress several radical revenue laws which have created bitter animosity against the administration in commercial circles. The president in his message, holds that such measures are absolutely necessary to maintain the credit of the government and asks their endorsement by congress, but congress has not yet ratified the suggestion. He proposes first to impose an export duty of 5 per cent. ad valorem upon animal oil, horns, jerked beef, bones, wool, tallow and ostrich feathers, which constitute the great bulk of its exports to the Argentine republic. It is also proposed to materially increase the import duty on foreign goods.

To See New York City.

NEW YORK, March 5.—The United States Illuminating company and Brush Electric Illuminating company have appealed to the supreme court in an effort to secure against this city judgment for upwards of a million dollars. This claim represents the damage done to their business by Mayor Grant's raid on overhead wires and poles in December, 1889.

OVER A THOUSAND

Million Dollars Were Appropriated by

THE FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS

Radical Financial Schemes of the Argentine Republic—They are the Plans of a Bankrupt Government.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The following is an approximate statement of the appropriations made by both sessions of the Fifty-first Congress, prepared by the clerk of the Senate committee on appropriations:

Amount of regular bills, including deficiencies and miscellaneous appropriations for the first session, \$90,700,000; amount of regular bills, including deficiencies and miscellaneous appropriations for the second session, \$40,000,000; permanent appropriations for the first session, about \$100,000,000; and the permanent appropriations for 1892 is estimated at \$120,000,000. This makes a grand total of \$250,700,000.

Says, of Texas leader of the Democratic minority of the House appropriations committee, has prepared a statement of the appropriations during the Fifty-first Congress as compared with the appropriations during the Fifty-second Congress, which shows the total appropriations made during the Congress just closed were \$1,000,000,000, as compared with \$1,000,000,000 during the preceding Congress. These amounts include permanent annual appropriations. The total appropriations for the first session of the Fifty-first Congress were \$90,700,000, and for the second session, \$40,000,000, and for the first session of the Fifty-first Congress \$141,800,000, to which is estimated \$600 should be added for various small items. Included in the appropriations for the Fifty-first Congress are \$15,727,000 for a refund of the money advanced to the sugar plantations, this latter being for the permanent appropriation.

The legislation enacted by the past Congress in the ratification of various treaties heretofore concluded between commissioners on the part of the United States and the Indian tribes, resulted in opening over eight million acres of public land to settlement. The aggregate cost to the government will be about \$9,000,000. About a million acres of land are situated in the vicinity of Oklahoma, the remaining three million acres are made up hereafter occupied by the Sisseton and Wahpeton Indians in Dakota, Crow and Aline in Idaho, Gros Ventre in Montana, and Sioux in Dakota.

A Hurricane at Madrid.

MADRID, March 5.—A violent hurricane swept over this city and neighborhood, doing a great amount of damage.

Mark Baldwin Arrested.

ST. LOUIS, March 5.—Mark Baldwin, the alleged National league agent, was arrested this afternoon on a charge of conspiring to break up clubs by securing players, and otherwise injuring the American association. He is arrested on a charge of conspiring to break up clubs by securing players, and otherwise injuring the American association. He is arrested on a charge of conspiring to break up clubs by securing players, and otherwise injuring the American association.

Coke Strikers Resume Work.

PITTSBURGH, March 5.—To-day operators of the Pennsylvania coke works, struck an agreement with the coke workers, signed at the old works. The men are pleased, and it is expected several small operators will follow.

Mexico at the World's Fair.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The bureau of American Republics is informed that Lieutenant Baker, of the United States navy, recently appointed commissioner for Mexico at the Columbian exposition to Mexico, has been formally received by President Diaz by United States Minister Ryan and delivered an invitation from the President of the United States to that republic to participate in the exposition.

World's Fair Ceremonies Report.

CHICAGO, March 5.—The report of the World's fair ceremonies is completed. It provides for a gigantic military display and parade on the day of the dedication of the fairgrounds, Tuesday, October 11, 1893; regular dedicatory exercises on Wednesday, grand ball Thursday, the whole to conclude with a general civil-military display Saturday morning. General Davis, Vice-Chairman McKenzie and General Davis, Dickinson and Cousins, who have been down with the grippe and other ailments, are convalescing, but are not expected to attend that President Palmer, of the navy, is seriously ill and fears are entertained.

Stranded in Prison.

BELORE, March 5.—It has transpired that Helena Markovic and Helena Knaicnova, who attempted to kill King Milan in 1882, have been strangled to death in prison. Milan had been ordered to institute an inquiry into the killing.

The French Jockey Club.

PARIS, March 5.—It is stated the French Jockey club will transfer its races to Bagin to enable it to conduct betting operations.

The Monroe, N. C., High School Burned.

MONROE, N. C., March 5.—The Monroe high school was burned this morning. Thomas Pemberton and Albert Bosel, two students, perished.

The fire broke out early this morning.

The fire broke out early this morning. The students were at once alerted and escaped safely except the two unfortunate young men named above. They roomed on the third floor, and being overcome with smoke, succumbed before reaching the stairway. Albert Rhodes, who roomed with them, managed to escape, but was terribly burned. The property loss is \$15,000.

The Buenos Ayres Rouse Panicky.

BUENOS AYRES, March 5.—The bourse became panicky to-day on rumors of a fresh paper issue and that the government would probably have recourse to a national loan.

Radical Argentine Revenue Laws.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The bureau of American Republics is informed that the president of the Argentine republic has recommended to congress several radical revenue laws which have created bitter animosity against the administration in commercial circles. The president in his message, holds that such measures are absolutely necessary to maintain the credit of the government and asks their endorsement by congress, but congress has not yet ratified the suggestion. He proposes first to impose an export duty of 5 per cent. ad valorem upon animal oil, horns, jerked beef, bones, wool, tallow and ostrich feathers, which constitute the great bulk of its exports to the Argentine republic. It is also proposed to materially increase the import duty on foreign goods.

To See New York City.

NEW YORK, March 5.—The United States Illuminating company and Brush Electric Illuminating company have appealed to the supreme court in an effort to secure against this city judgment for upwards of a million dollars. This claim represents the damage done to their business by Mayor Grant's raid on overhead wires and poles in December, 1889.